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# Sensor Guide WS100 Radar Precipitation Sensor



# Sensor Guide: WS100 Precipitation Sensor

**Product description** Overview of precipitaiton measurement principles Fields of application **Further information** 

# 1. Overview Precipitation Sensor WS100

#### WS100 in a nutshell:

- ☐ 24GHz Doppler Radar precipitation sensor
- Measures precipitation intensity and precipitation type (Rain, snow, sleet, freezing rain, hail)



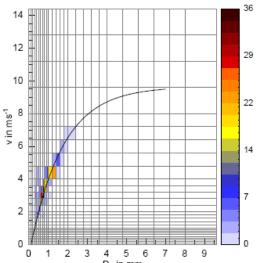


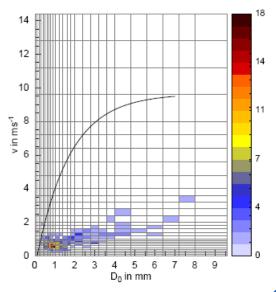
# **Overview - WS100-UMB Measuring Principle**



24 GHz Microwave Doppler Radar works with the radar reflection method and measures the precipitation quantity or precipitation intensity by means of the correlation of drop size and velocity.

Drop Size distribution matrix to calculate intensity of precipitation and to determine type of precipitation according fundamental meteorological relationships (Gunn-Kinzer and Hobbs and Locatelli).





#### Freedom of maintenance...

...thanks to the smart measurement principle, no moving parts and no open housing design!





In comparison to tipping buckets, weighing gauges and optical measurement principles the WS100 is the only sensor, that can offer maintenance-free operation!

# When the first drop counts...



...is the WS100 radar reflection method the right choice. The first drop can be detected and reported!

The Radar measurement principle offers extremely fast response time. Precipitation intensity can be detected up to 200 mm/h and drop of up to 5.0 mm can be recognized.



# Differentiation of precipitation types...

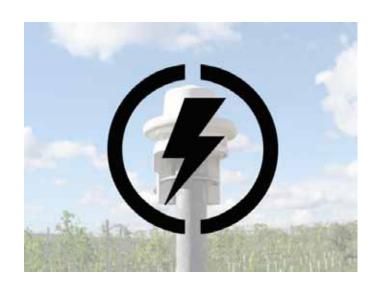
... like rain, snow sleet, freezing rain and hail is available with the WS100. This feature makes the sensor to a Present Weather Detector!





With the drop size distribution matrix and the detection of the speed of the precipitation event, the sensor can recognize the precipitation type!

# Low power mode...



...can be adjusted! With the low power mode, the sensor has a power consumption of only 0,4 VA (~40mA, 12V), which makes solar-powered operation possible.

The switchable heater offers maintenance-free operation in summer and winter time. With the heater on, the sensor has a power consumption of 9 VA.

# 1. WS100 - Technical Data

Electrical paramete	ers
Power supply	1028 VDC
Power consumption without heating	1 VA / 0.4 VA (low power mode)
Heating power	9 VA
Operating paramet	ters
Operat. temp. range	-4060 °C
Operat. humidity range	0100 %
Protection class	IP66
Survival wind speed	75 m/s
Data transfer	
Interfaces/ protocols	RS-485 semi-duplex two-wire, SDI-12, pulse interface / UMB protocol, Modbus
(Pluggable) cable length	10 m
Transmission frequency	24 GHz

Precipitation		
Measurement surface	9 cm²	
Precipitation types	Rain, snow, sleet, freezing rain, hail; No precipitation (SYNOP 4677)	
Principle	Doppler radar	
Accuracy	+-10%	
Resolution liquid preciptiation	0.01 / 0 .1 / 0.2 / 0.5 / 1.0 mm (pulse interface)	
Measurement ranges		
Droplet size	0.35.0 mm	
DSD	11 drop size classes with bandwidth of 0.5 mm	
Precipitation intensity	0.01200 mm/h / 07.874 inch/h	
Particle velocity	0.915.5 m/s	
Solid precipitation	5.1~30 mm	





# 2. Overview of Precipitation Measurement Principles

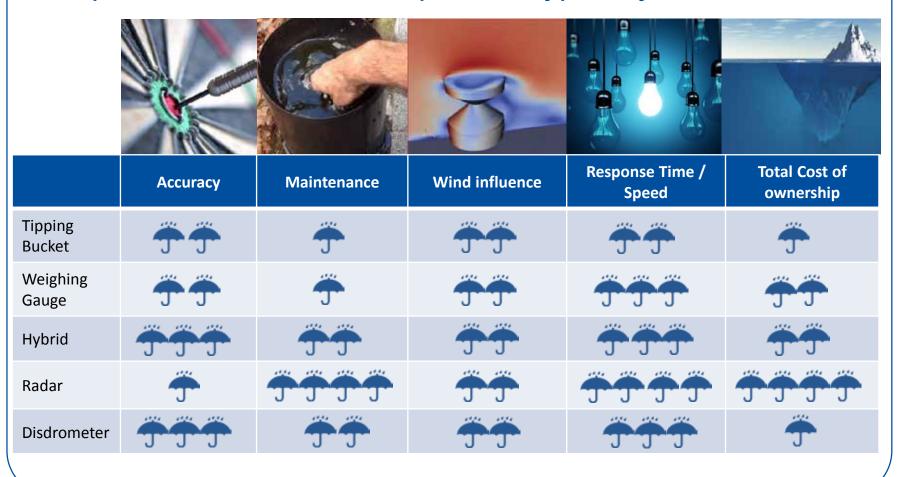


What are the differences?

When to use which device?

# 2. Differences of Measurement Principles

# Comparison of the different product types by...



# 2. Differences of Measurement Principles

# Application fields...



Tipping Bucket	Reference networks in Hydrology, Meteorology
Weighing Gauge	Reference networks in Hydrology, Meteorology
Hybrid	Reference networks in Hydrology, Meteorology
Radar	Traffic weather, Hydrology (Storm/flood warning especially in urban areas), Meteorology, Building Automation, Agricultural Meteorology,
Disdrometer	Reference networks in Hydrology, Meteorology

### 2. Result of General Comparison on Measurement Principles



Freedom from maintenance, a very fast response time and excellent total cost of ownership can only offer the radar precipitation sensor compared to other measuring principles.

Trade-offs have to be accepted with regard to accuracy, which can be explained by the measuring principle!



#### **More WS100 Details**

#### Click here to visit the WS100 product site for more info



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#### WS100 Radar Precipitation Sensor / Smart Disdrometer

SHARE Y PRIN

Absolutely maintenance-free and extremely fast measurement of precipitation type (Rain, snow, sleet, freezing rain, hail) and intensity, thanks to radar measurement technology. The smart radar rain sensor & present weather detector!



Radar reflection method to measure velocity on hydrometeors by 24-GHz-Doppler radar.

Correlation and determination of drop size classes to provide DSD matrix in 11 classes.

Drop Size distribution matrix to calculate intensity of precipitation and to determine type of precipitation according fundamental meteorological relationships (Gunn-Kinzer and Hobbs and Locatelli).

Multiple and simultaneous interfaces for data output and communication.

Parameters measured: Rain/precipitation quantity,

rain/precipitation type (Rain, snow, sleet,

freezing rain, hail)

Measurement technology: 24GHz Doppler radar



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